

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

AM 033 — Applied Mathematics - I

Brown University  
Homework, Set 8

Fall 2003  
Due Friday, November 7

8.1 Find the solution to

$$y'' + y = H(t)H(\pi - t), \quad \text{where } H(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } t > 0, \\ 0 & \text{if } t < 0, \end{cases}$$

subject to the initial conditions  $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$  and that  $y$  and  $y'$  are continuous at  $t = \pi$ .

8.2 Find the general solution of the differential equation written in factored form

$$(D - 1)(D + 1)y = 8e^{2t}, \quad D = \frac{d}{dt},$$

applying sequential integration to the first order differential operators  $D + 1$  and  $D - 1$ . That is, solve first the equation  $(D - 1)u = 8e^{2t}$  and then  $(D + 1)y = u$ .

8.3 Use the method of undetermined coefficients to solve the following differential equations

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(a)} & (D^2 + 4)y = 8 \sin^2 x, \\ \text{(b)} & y'' + 2y' - 3y = e^{-x}, \\ \text{(c)} & y'' + 4y = t^2 \sin 2t + (6t + 7) \cos 2t, \\ \text{(d)} & (D^2 + 3D + 2)y = 1 + 3x + x^2. \end{array}$$

8.4 Verify that the given functions  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  satisfy the corresponding homogeneous equations; then find the general solution.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(a)} & x^2 y'' + xy' + (x^2 - 0.25)y = 3x^{3/2} \sin x; \quad y_1(x) = x^{-1/2} \sin x, \quad y_2(x) = x^{-1/2} \cos x; \\ \text{(b)} & (1 - x)y'' + xy' - y = \sin x, \quad y_1(x) = e^x, \quad y_2(x) = x. \end{array}$$